Jennett's Park CE Primary

Behaviour Management Policy



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"......You've got to help me. You've got to hold out your hand - even when that's the last thing I seem to want and need. Each time you are kind and gentle and caring, each time you try to understand, because you really care, my heart begins to grow wings, very small wings, very feeble wings - but wings" Eikins 1976

Our work and our life is based on Gospel values as summed up in John 10:10. 'Live life in all it's fullness"

At Jennett's Park CE Primary School we share a caring Christian ethos and wish for all our pupils to make a positive contribution to the global community.

We promise as a staff and community to try to serve the common good with our work as part of the Church of England.

Educating for Wisdom, Knowledge and Skills	To help grow resourceful, resilient and reflective children who are equipped with the skills, knowledge and tenacity empower themselves, their learning throughout their lives.
Educating for Hope and Aspiration	To inspire and enrich lives beyond current opportunities and experiences in order to open minds to the potential their future holds
Educating for Community and Living Well Together	To be a multi-cultural, inclusive community of individuals loved by God who feel valued and involved where we create qualities of character to enable people to flourish.
Educating for Dignity and Respect	That children might know how much that they are loved and valued by so that they might show dignity and respect for themselves and others by carefully and safely thinking through their actions.

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1) Aims of this policy

- Provide a consistent approach to behaviour management at Jennett's Park CE Primary School
- Define what we consider to be unacceptable behaviour, including bullying
- Outline how pupils are expected to behave
- Summarise the roles and responsibilities of different people in the school community with regards to behaviour management
- Outline our system of rewards and sanctions
- To emphasise the encouragement of positive behaviour
- To promote consistency of expectation and implementation of behaviour management
- To reinforce the fundamental concepts of understanding rights, mutual respect and awareness and adoption of responsibilities that come with those rights

2) Legislation and statutory requirements

This policy is based on legislation and advice from the Department for Education (DfE) on:

- **>** Behaviour and discipline in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff, 2016
- **>** Behaviour in schools: advice for headteachers and school staff 2022
- > Searching, screening and confiscation at school 2018
- **>** <u>Searching, screening and confiscation: advice for schools</u> 2022
- **>** The Equality Act 2010
- > Keeping Children Safe in Education
- ➤ Exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England 2017

- Suspension and permanent exclusion from maintained schools, academies and pupil referral units in England, including pupil movement 2022
- **>** Use of reasonable force in schools
- > Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school

It is also based on the <u>Special Educational Needs and Disability</u> (SEND) Code of Practice.

- ➤ Schedule 1 of the Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014; paragraph 7 outlines a school's duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of children, paragraph 9 requires the school to have a written behaviour policy and paragraph 10 requires the school to have an antibullying strategy
- ➤ <u>DfE guidance</u> explaining that academies should publish their behaviour policy and anti-bullying strategy

This policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association.

3) We aim to as a School

- Educate children in a positive and stimulating environment
- Ensure every member of the school community feels valued and respected and that everyone is treated well and fairly
- Help children become confident and self -disciplined
- Ensure that children have a clear understanding of the place of our Christian values of community, kindness, respect, hope, independence, success and trust and the need for law, rules and order in their lives within the context of a democratic, multicultural society
- Provide a safe environment free from disruption, violence, bullying and any form of harassment

Our emphasis is very much on encouraging positive, constructive, supportive attitudes, rather than highlighting the negative and destructive. When the overall climate is friendly, but firm when necessary, when expectations are clear and routines are established and when the learning tasks are interesting and within the capabilities of the children disruptive behaviour is far less likely to occur.

4) High Expectations

Our expectations are very high because our learners deserve the very best. High expectations are flattering; they tell our students that we fully believe they have what it takes to achieve the things we want them to achieve. Low expectations convey the opposite: that they can't achieve, can't behave, and can't get along with each other. High or low, achievement and behaviour moves in the direction of the expectation.

We set three types of high teacher expectations: academic (attainment and progress), behavioural (learning behaviours and conduct) and social (how the students interact with staff and each other). If academic, emotional and physical being is high then there are fewer chances to have issues- this is wellbeing. We are trained to give our children the best and to provide learning

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opportunities and experiences that maximise learners' progress. Jennett's Park Church of England School acknowledges its legal duties under the Equality Act 2010 and in respect to pupils with special educational needs (SEN).

5) Our Vision and Ethos

We aim here at Jennett's Park are to ensure we live out our vision:

Empowering our children to flourish and achieve under God's love. This comes from the passage in the bible where Jesus says: I have come to let you live life in all its fullness (John 10:10)

Our Rainbow Promise underpins everything we do at school. Just as the Rainbow was a sign of God's promise to Noah that from that moment God would enable Noah and the people of the earth to flourish and experience life in all its fullness. So as a school community we promise to do our best to enable all the pupils and adults of our school to flourish academically and professionally so that they might reach their potential.

The Rainbow is also a symbol of the diversity of our school community, but as a church school we recognise that we are all created and valued by God, and so as a school community we commit to care for and value each other.

The dove symbolises our need to persevere in some aspects of life as it is not always the first time we find success. It was not the first time that Noah had tried to find dry land and so we much seek strength within ourselves and from God to achieve.

All children and young people have a right to a primary education, which should be free. Our aim is that learning at Jennett's Park CE Primary School should empower children. It should celebrate success and progress for all, and be part of our role as heart of the local community.

These are our Promises to keep to our children to be able to serve the common good with our work as part of the Church of England. By following our Promises we know our curriculum suits local needs

At Jennett's Park we are:	Our Promises:
Educating for Wisdom, Knowledge and Skills	To help grow resourceful, resilient and reflective children who are equipped with the skills, knowledge and tenacity empower themselves, their learning throughout their lives.
Educating for Hope and Aspiration	To inspire and enrich lives beyond current opportunities and experiences in order to open minds to the potential their future holds
Educating for Community and Living Well Together	To be a multi-cultural, inclusive community of individuals loved by God who feel valued and involved where we create qualities of character to enable people to flourish.
Educating for Dignity and Respect	That children might know how much that they are loved and valued by so that they might show dignity and respect for themselves and others by carefully and safely thinking through their actions.

Staff at Jennett's Park understand that the three central cords of excellent behaviour and high standards are to give *clarity* (in academic and behavioural success), *assure momentum through pace and challenge* and *model excellence* through their presence. We treat all children fairly and apply this policy in a consistent way.

An effective discipline policy is one that seeks to lead children towards high self-esteem and self-discipline. Consequently, good discipline arises from good relationships and from setting expectations of good behaviour. We believe that self-esteem

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affects all thinking and behaviour and impacts on learning and performance. We aim to provide positive everyday experiences so that our children are more likely to reach their full potential.

The school has an expectation that all children will behave appropriately in school and that all adults respond to children and other adults appropriately. Adults must demonstrate and model this expectation to all children.

6) Definitions

Misbehaviour is defined as:

- Disruption in lessons, in corridors between lessons, and at break and lunchtimes
- Non-completion of classwork or homework
- Poor attitude
- Choosing despite offers of help incorrect uniform

Serious misbehaviour is defined as:

- Repeated breaches of the school rules
- Any form of bullying
- > Sexual violence, such as rape, assault by penetration, or sexual assault (intentional sexual touching without consent)
- > Sexual harassment, meaning unwanted conduct of a sexual nature, such as:
 - Sexual comments
 - Sexual jokes or taunting
 - Physical behaviour like interfering with clothes
 - Online sexual harassment, such as unwanted sexual comments and messages (including on social media), sharing of nude or semi-nude images and/or videos, or sharing of unwanted explicit content

- Vandalism
- Theft
- Fighting
- Smoking
- Racist, sexist, homophobic or discriminatory behaviour
- Possession of any prohibited items. These include:
- Knives or weapons
- Alcohol
- Illegal drugs
- Stolen items
- Tobacco and cigarette papers
- Fireworks
- Pornographic images
- Any article a staff member reasonably suspects has been, or is likely to be, used to commit an offence, or to cause personal injury to, or damage to the property of, any person (including the pupil)

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Bullying

Bullying is defined as the repetitive, intentional harming of 1 person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an imbalance of power.

Bullying is, therefore:

- > Deliberately hurtful
- > Repeated, often over a period of time
- **>** Difficult to defend against

Bullying can include:

TYPE OF BULLYING	DEFINITION
Emotional	Being unfriendly, excluding, tormenting
Physical	Hitting, kicking, pushing, taking another's belongings, any use of violence
Prejudice-based and discriminatory, including: • Racial • Faith-based • Gendered (sexist) • Homophobic/biphobic • Transphobic • Disability-based	Taunts, gestures, graffiti or physical abuse focused on a particular characteristic (e.g. gender, race, sexuality)
Sexual	Explicit sexual remarks, display of sexual material, sexual gestures, unwanted physical attention, comments about sexual reputation or performance, or inappropriate touching
Direct or indirect verbal	Name-calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, teasing
Cyber-bullying	Bullying that takes place online, such as through social networking sites, messaging apps or gaming sites

Please read our antibullying policy online

7) Promoting Excellent Work and Behaviour

Outstanding Owl and Rainbow Promise Learners

Our Rainbow Promise underpins everything we do at school. Just as the Rainbow was a sign of God's promise to Noah that from that moment God would enable Noah and the people of the earth to flourish and experience life in all its fullness. So as a school community we promise to do our best to enable all the pupils and adults of our school to flourish academically and professionally so that they might reach their potential.

The Rainbow is also a symbol of the diversity of our school community, but as a church school we recognise that we are all created and valued by God, and so as a school community we commit to care for and value each other. The dove symbolises our need to persevere. In some aspects of life, as it is not always the first time that we find success. It was not the first time that Noah had tried to find dry land so we seek strength within ourselves and from God to achieve.

Our *Rainbow Values* are: Love, Honesty Respect, Peace, Forgiveness, Joy, Patience, Support and Kindness

Our *Owl Learning behaviours* are:

C - Collaboration

O - Optimism

P - Perseverance

P - Pride

I - Independence

C - Challenge

MD - Managing Distractions



These lead us to our Code of Conduct (which are displayed around the school) are:

- 1. We are quiet when others are talking
 - 2. We follow directions right away
- 3. We let others get on with their work
 - 4. We respect each other

From the beginning we aim to develop a moral code of conduct and a sense of conscience in each child. Good relationships throughout the school are promoted in an atmosphere of harmony and co-operation where each child's point of view is valued. It is the school's aim to create a positive climate placing the greatest emphasis on praise and reward with less on sanctions.

8) Routines:

An effective routine is a behaviour that has been standardised by the teacher and is carried out by the students so it is habitual and effective and on cue. Anything students do regularly should be made into a routine (see appendix 7). We spend a long time establishing routines in Jennett's Park to minimise low level disruption.

9) Roles and Responsibility

a) The Governing Board

The Jennett's Park CE Primary Local Governing board is responsible for reviewing and approving the written statement of behaviour principles. The Jennett's Park CE Primary Local Governing board will also review this behaviour policy in conjunction with the Headteacher and monitor the policy's effectiveness, holding the Headteacher to account for its implementation.

b) Headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for:

- > Reviewing and approving this behaviour policy
- > Ensuring that the school environment encourages positive behaviour
- > Ensuring that staff deal effectively with poor behaviour
- > Monitoring how staff implement this policy to ensure rewards and sanctions are applied consistently to all groups of pupils
- > Ensuring that all staff understand the behavioural expectations and the importance of maintaining them
- > Providing new staff with a clear induction into the school's behavioural culture to ensure they understand its rules and routines, and how best to support all pupils to participate fully
- > Offering appropriate training in behaviour management, and the impact of special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) and mental health needs on behaviour, to any staff who require it, so they can fulfil their duties set out in this policy
- > Ensuring this policy works alongside the safeguarding policy to offer pupils both sanctions and support when necessary
- > Ensuring that the data from the behaviour log is reviewed regularly, to make sure that no groups of pupils are being disproportionately impacted by this policy

c) Parents

Parents are expected to:

- Support their child in adhering to the pupil code of conduct
- Inform the school of any changes in circumstances that may affect their child's behaviour
- Discuss any behavioural concerns with the class teacher promptly

We believe that a good home/school relationship is pivotal in ensuring that our Positive Behaviour Policy works well for the benefit of all our children. We will inform parents when their child is behaving well and we will inform parents when their child is continually breaking school rules. We always welcome parents' comments, suggestions and support.

Parents have a vital role to play in their children's education. It is very important that parents support their child's learning and co-operate with the school. We are very conscious of the importance of having strong links with parents and good communication between home and school. Thus, the school works collaboratively with parents, so children receive consistent messages about how to behave at home and at school.

The School Rules and Policy are shared with all parents as part of the Induction Process and it is our expectation that all parents support the school fully in its implementation of this policy.

If the school has to use reasonable sanctions to punish a child, parental support is expected. If parents have any concern about the way that their child has been treated, they should initially contact the class teacher.

We understand that parents may find their child's behaviour worrying and that they might feel upset or defensive of their child. It is our hope that parents will understand that the school is working to support children in the very best way they can and that we can do this in partnership, in a calm and reasonable manner. In the rare situation where parents respond with verbal or physical aggression to staff or other members of the school community, this will be reported immediately to the Head Teacher who will take appropriate action.

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D) Staff

Staff at Jennett's Park CE School are positive, enthusiastic and have high expectations of both learning and behaviour. They foster a sense of self-esteem in all children, linked with an understanding of the needs of others. They encourage a calm and responsive atmosphere, avoiding shouting. They are aware that good classroom organisation and development of routines are key to good behaviour and that the provision of a high-quality curriculum through interesting and challenging activities influences behaviour.

All school staff have a responsibility to uphold the behaviour policy. Staff are responsible for attending to the lessons and anticipating problems using interventions strategically. They should have a good combination of dominance and cooperation in that they have: clarity of purpose, offer strong guidance, have high expectations but show concern and interest for others and teach in an inclusive manner.

In this way they should:

- Create a calm and safe environment for pupils
- Implement the behaviour policy consistently
- Model expected behaviour and positive relationships
- Nip situations in the bud- by anticipating issues
- Differentiate activities to allow for range of needs
- Communicate the school's expectations, routines, values and standards through teaching behaviour and in every interaction with pupils
- Establish clear and repeatable routines to minimise disruption
- Keep themselves up to date with child development
- Provide a personalised approach to the specific behavioural needs of particular pupils
- Challenge pupils to meet the school's expectations
- Consider their own behaviour on the school culture and how they can uphold school rules and expectations
- Record behaviour incidents promptly

The senior leadership team (SLT) will support staff in responding to behaviour incidents.

e) SMSAs – School Meals Supervisory Adults

During lunchtimes, SMSAs will follow the same codes of behaviour as teachers. They, with the rest of the school community, will also be involved in the reward systems. Lunchtime Supervisors are in close touch with the class teachers and communicate regularly with them about incidents of unacceptable behaviour at lunchtime. Children should be made aware that rough play and potentially dangerous behaviour in the playground is unacceptable.

f) Pupils

See the child friendly version written by our School council and shared to classes in the Appendices

- . Pupils are polite to all members of our school community.
- -Pupils listen to everyone.
- -Pupils will carry out an instruction, first time, every time.
- -Pupil show kindness to others above everything else.
- -Pupils are honest and know that everyone makes mistakes.
- -Pupils are forgiving of others' mistakes.
- -Pupils mutually respect staff.
- -Pupils will travel safely within the school grounds and speak quietly in the school building.

- -Pupils will try their upmost not to leave anyone out.
- -Pupils show empathy, remembering that everyone's journey is different.
- -Pupils will learn when to ignore and not react when they know it is wrong.
- -Pupils will strive to 'be the good kid' and to become a pot of gold at the end of our rainbow.
- -Pupils will persevere to become the best version of yourself.

Pupils will be made aware of the following during their induction into the behaviour culture in an age related manner:

- The expected standard of behaviour they should be displaying at school
- That they have a duty to follow the behaviour policy

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- > The school's key rules and routines
- > The rewards they can earn for meeting the behaviour standard, and the consequences they will face if they don't meet the standard
- The pastoral support that is available to them to help them meet the behavioural standards

Pupils will be supported to meet the behaviour standards and will be provided with repeated induction sessions wherever appropriate.

Pupils will be supported to develop an understanding of the school's behaviour policy and wider culture.

Pupils will be asked to give feedback on their experience of the behaviour culture to support the evaluation, improvement and implementation of the behaviour policy.

Extra support and induction will be provided for pupils who are mid-phase arrivals.

10) Communication

Communication between all members of the school community is vital in the implementation of this policy.

a) Communication with Parents and carers

We encourage and rely on the sharing of information about children and their ever-changing situations, relationships and home life.

b) Communication between staff

The staff at Jennett's Park CE School work as a team, supporting and advising each other in the management of behaviour.

As concerns arise about children, they are shared between relevant members of staff. Confidentiality is respected at all times.

Parents meetings are set for November and February each year. In between these times it may be necessary for the school to contact parents or vice versa.

Teachers and staff are available to meet and children and you each day. At the start of day sometimes a quick message is good to pass on. But sometimes a longer meeting or a confidential space away from children is needed. To arrange an additional meeting with your class teacher, Family Support Worker, SENDCO / Inclusion Lead or the Phase Leader, we ask parents to arrange an appointment via the school office.

If parents require an appointment with a member of the senior team they also see the office. The office will ask for the reason for the appointment and if necessary direct them to another staff member if they this is more appropriately handled at a different level.

11) Rewards and Sanctions

a) Responding to good behaviour

When a pupil's behaviour meets or goes above and beyond the expected behaviour standard, staff will recognise it with positive recognition and reward. This provides an opportunity for all staff to reinforce the school's culture and ethos.

Positive reinforcements and rewards will be applied clearly and fairly to reinforce the routines, expectations and norms of the school's behaviour culture.

Positive behaviour will be rewarded with:

- o Praise
- o Letters or phone calls home to parents
- o Whole class rewards
- o Special responsibilities/privileges such as prefect status or being entrusted with a particular decision or project
- o Recognition within Rainbow moment or Owl Learner
- o Earning STAR Ambassadors

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b) Responding to misbehaviour:

When a pupil's behaviour falls below the standard that can reasonably be expected of them, staff will respond in order to restore a calm and safe learning environment, and to prevent recurrence of misbehaviour.

Staff will endeavour to create a predictable environment by always challenging behaviour that falls short of the standards, and by responding in a consistent, fair and proportionate manner, so pupils know with certainty that misbehaviour will always be addressed.

De-escalation techniques can be used to help prevent further behaviour issues arising, such as the use of pre-arranged scripts and phrases.

All pupils will be treated equitably under the policy, with any factors that contributed to the behavioural incident identified and taken into account.

When giving behaviour sanctions, staff will also consider what support could be offered to a pupil to help them to meet behaviour standards in the future.

The sanctions applied will reflect the seriousness of the behaviour and the following may be used in addition to these:

- o Reminder of expected behaviour
- o Quiet warning
- o Working apart from other children or having time out up to 15 mins
- O Sending to the Phase leader or Partner class
- o Expecting work to be completed at home, or at break or lunchtime
- o School-based community service, such as tidying a classroom
- o Agreeing a behaviour contract
- o Suspension
- o Close monitoring and supervision at lunchtimes and playtimes.
- o Prevention from attending school events, off-site activities, extra -curricular activities e.g. football or netball tournaments.

The Headteacher may be involved at any stage. Parents may also be contacted at the teacher or Headteacher's discretion. If a child consistently behaves inappropriately, the following steps may be taken:

- Placed on the Special Needs Register and an Individual Behaviour Plan/ or Behaviour Change Plan set up.
- A home school diary started.
- Regular contact with parents.
- Support from named staff.
- Temporary internal or external suspension from the classroom or playground.
- Removal of the pupil from the classroom

Internal suspensions are where children work away from classes, possibly in isolation with an adult for a set period of time. External suspensions are outside of school grounds. Both are decided only at discretion of Headteacher or in their absence the person stepping in to fill their role

Parents will definitely be involved if any of the above take place

In extreme circumstances the child may be:

- Referred to Bracknell Forest Behaviour Support Team.
- Have a Personal Support Plan in place.
- Be suspended for a fixed term, such as a lunchtime suspension or for a fixed number of days
- Be excluded permanently in the most serious of circumstances

The Chair of Governors will be informed if a child is subject to an suspensions and it will be recorded in the Headteacher's report to Governors. Suspensions follow the Bracknell agreed policy.

c) School Trips

Please note that if a child's behaviour is considered a Health and Safety risk then they could be excluded from being taken on school trips/journeys. Under some circumstances, participation on a school trip can only be dependent upon a parent accompanying the pupil (at their own expense).

12) Safeguarding

The school recognises that changes in behaviour may be an indicator that a pupil is in need of help or protection.

We will consider whether a pupil's misbehaviour may be linked to them suffering, or being likely to suffer, significant harm.

Where this may be the case, we will follow our child protection and safeguarding policy, and consider whether pastoral support, an early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

Please refer to our child protection and safeguarding policy for more information

13 Reasonable force (See Use of Reasonable Force Policy)

Reasonable force covers a range of interventions that involve physical contact with pupils. All members of staff have a duty to use reasonable force, in the following circumstances, to prevent a pupil from:

- > Causing disorder
- **>** Hurting themselves or others
- > Damaging property
- **>** Committing an offence

Incidents of reasonable force must:

- > Always be used as a last resort
- **>** Be applied using the minimum amount of force and for the minimum amount of time possible
- **>** Be used in a way that maintains the safety and dignity of all concerned
- > Never be used as a form of punishment
- > Be recorded and reported to parents (see appendix 3 for a behaviour log)

When considering using reasonable force, staff should, in considering the risks, carefully recognise any specific vulnerabilities of the pupil, including SEND, mental health needs or medical conditions.

14 Confiscation, searches, screening

Searching, screening and confiscation is conducted in line with the DfE's <u>latest guidance on searching</u>, <u>screening and confiscation</u>.

a) Confiscation

Any prohibited items (listed in section 3) found in a pupil's possession as a result of a search will be confiscated. These items will not be returned to the pupil.

We will also confiscate any item that is harmful or detrimental to school discipline. These items will be returned to pupils after discussion with senior leaders and parents, if appropriate.

b) Searching a pupil

Searches will only be carried out by a member of staff who has been authorised to do so by the headteacher, or by the headteacher themselves.

Subject to the exception below, the authorised member of staff carrying out the search will be of the same sex as the pupil, and there will be another member of staff present as a witness to the search.

An authorised member of staff of a different sex to the pupil can carry out a search without another member of staff as a witness if:

- > The authorised member of staff carrying out the search reasonably believes there is risk that serious harm will be caused to a person if the search is not carried out as a matter of urgency; and
- > In the time available, it is not reasonably practicable for the search to be carried out by a member of staff who is the same sex as the pupil; or
- It is not reasonably practicable for the search to be carried out in the presence of another member of staff

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When an authorised member of staff conducts a search without a witness they should immediately report this to another member of staff, and ensure a written record of the search is kept.

If the authorised member of staff considers a search to be necessary, but is not required urgently, they will seek the advice of the headteacher, designated safeguarding lead (or deputy) or pastoral member of staff who may have more information about the pupil. During this time the pupil will be supervised and kept away from other pupils.

A search can be carried out if the authorised member of staff has reasonable grounds for suspecting that the pupil is in possession of a prohibited item or any item identified in the school rules for which a search can be made, or if the pupil has agreed.

An appropriate location for the search will be found. Where possible, this will be away from other pupils. The search will only take place on the school premises or where the member of staff has lawful control or charge of the pupil, for example on a school trip.

Before carrying out a search the authorised member of staff will:

- **>** Assess whether there is an urgent need for a search
- **>** Assess whether not doing the search would put other pupils or staff at risk
- **>** Consider whether the search would pose a safeguarding risk to the pupil
- > Explain to the pupil why they are being searched
- ➤ Explain to the pupil what a search entails e.g. I will ask you to turn out your pockets and remove your scarf
- > Explain how and where the search will be carried out
- **>** Give the pupil the opportunity to ask questions
- > Seek the pupil's co-operation

If the pupil refuses to agree to a search, the member of staff can give an appropriate behaviour sanction.

If they still refuse to co-operate, the member of staff will contact the phase lead then as appropriate the headteacher / designated safeguarding lead (or deputy), to try and determine why the pupil is refusing to comply.

The authorised member of staff will then decide whether to use reasonable force to search the pupil. This decision will be made on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration whether conducting the search will prevent the pupil harming themselves or others, damaging property or from causing disorder.

The authorised member of staff can use reasonable force to search for any prohibited items identified in section 3, but not to search for items that are only identified in the school rules.

The authorised member of staff may use a metal detector to assist with the search.

An authorised member of staff may search a pupil's outer clothing, pockets, possessions, desks or lockers.

Outer clothing includes:

- Any item of clothing that is not worn immediately over a garment that is being worn wholly next to the skin or being worn as underwear (e.g. a jumper or jacket being worn over a t-shirt)
- > Hats, scarves, gloves, shoes, boots

c) Searching pupils' possessions

Possessions means any items that the pupil has or appears to have control of, including:

- **>** Desks
- **>** Lockers
- > Bags

A pupil's possessions can be searched for any item if the pupil agrees to the search. If the pupil does not agree to the search, staff can still carry out a search for prohibited items (listed in section 6) and items identified in the school rules.

An authorised member of staff can search a pupil's possessions when the pupil and another member of staff are present.

If there is a serious risk of harm if the search is not conducted immediately, or it is not reasonably practicable to summon another member of staff, the search can be carried out by a single authorised member of staff.

d) Informing the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

The staff member who carried out the search should inform the DSL without delay:

- > Of any incidents where the member of staff had reasonable grounds to suspect a pupil was in possession of a prohibited item as listed in section 3
- If they believe that a search has revealed a safeguarding risk

All searches for prohibited items (listed in section 6), including incidents where no items were found, will be recorded in the school's safeguarding system.

e) Informing parents

Parents will always be informed of any search for a prohibited item (listed in section 3). A member of staff will tell the parents as soon as is reasonably practicable:

- > What happened
- > What was found, if anything
- > What has been confiscated, if anything
- > What action the school has taken, including any sanctions that have been applied to their child

f) Support after a search

Irrespective of whether any items are found as the result of any search, the school will consider whether the pupil may be suffering or likely to suffer harm and whether any specific support is needed (due to the reasons for the search, the search itself, or the outcome of the search).

If this is the case, staff will follow the school's safeguarding policy and speak to the designated safeguarding lead (DSL). The DSL will consider if pastoral support, an early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

g) Strip searches

The authorised member of staff's power to search outlined above does not enable them to conduct a strip search (removing more than the outer clothing) and strip searches on school premises shall only be carried out by police officers in accordance with the <u>Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) Code C.</u>

Before calling the police into school, staff will assess and balance the risk of a potential strip search on the pupil's mental and physical wellbeing and the risk of not recovering the suspected item.

Staff will consider whether introducing the potential for a strip search through police involvement is absolutely necessary, and will always ensure that other appropriate, less invasive approaches have been exhausted first.

Once the police are on school premises, the decision on whether to conduct a strip search lies solely with them. The school will advocate for the safety and wellbeing of the pupil(s) involved. Staff retain a duty of care to the pupil involved and should advocate for pupil wellbeing at all times.

h) Communication and record-keeping

Where reasonably possible and unless there is an immediate risk of harm, staff will contact at least 1 of the pupil's parents to inform them that the police are going to strip search the pupil before strip search takes place, and ask them if they would like to come into school to act as the pupil's appropriate adult. If the school can't get in touch with the parents, or they aren't able to come into school to act as the appropriate adult, a member of staff can act as the appropriate adult (see below for the role of the appropriate adult).

The pupil's parents will always be informed by a staff member once a strip search has taken place. The school will keep records of strip searches that have been conducted on school premises, and monitor them for any trends that emerge.

i) Who will be present

For any strip search that involves exposure of intimate body parts, there will be at least 2 people present other than the pupil, except in urgent cases where there is risk of serious harm to the pupil or others.

One of these must be the appropriate adult, except if:

• The pupil explicitly states in the presence of an appropriate adult that they do not want an appropriate adult to be present during the search, and

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• The appropriate adult agrees

If this is the case, a record will be made of the pupil's decision and it will be signed by the appropriate adult.

No more than 2 people other than the pupil and appropriate adult will be present, except in the most exceptional circumstances.

The appropriate adult will:

- Act to safeguard the rights, entitlement and welfare of the pupil
- > Not be a police officer or otherwise associated with the police
- > Not be the headteacher
- **>** Be of the same sex as the pupil, unless the pupil specifically requests an adult who is not of the same sex

Except for an appropriate adult of a different sex if the pupil specifically requests it, no one of a different sex will be permitted to be present and the search will not be carried out anywhere where the pupil could be seen by anyone else.

j) Care after a strip search

After any strip search, the pupil will be given appropriate support, irrespective of whether any suspected item is found. The pupil will also be given the opportunity to express their views about the strip search and the events surrounding it.

As with other searches, the school will consider whether the pupil may be suffering or likely to suffer harm and whether any further specific support is needed (due to the reasons for the search, the search itself, or the outcome of the search).

Staff will follow the school's safeguarding policy and speak to the designated safeguarding lead (DSL). The DSL will consider if, in addition to pastoral support, an early help intervention or a referral to children's social care is appropriate.

Any pupil(s) who have been strip searched more than once and/or groups of pupils who may be more likely to be subject to strip searching will be given particular consideration, and staff will consider any preventative approaches that can be taken.

k) Screening

> We do not operate screening on entry and will issue guidance if this were ever needed that has been agreed by governors.

15) Off-site misbehaviour

Sanctions may be applied where a pupil has misbehaved off-site when representing the school. This means misbehaviour when the pupil is:

- > Taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity (e.g. school trips)
- > Travelling to or from school
- > Wearing school uniform
- In any other way identifiable as a pupil of our school

Sanctions may also be applied where a pupil has misbehaved off-site, at any time, whether or not the conditions above apply, if the misbehaviour:

- **>** Could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
- **>** Poses a threat to another pupil
- **>** Could adversely affect the reputation of the school

Sanctions will only be given out on school premises or elsewhere when the pupil is under the lawful control of a staff member (e.g. on a school-organised trip).

16) Online misbehaviour

The school can issue behaviour sanctions to pupils for online misbehaviour when:

- > It poses a threat or causes harm to another pupil
- It could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
- > It adversely affects the reputation of the school
- > The pupil is identifiable as a member of the school

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Sanctions will only be given out on school premises or elsewhere when the pupil is under the lawful control of a staff member.

17) Suspected criminal behaviour

If a pupil is suspected of criminal behaviour, the school will make an initial assessment of whether to report the incident to the police.

When establishing the facts, the school will endeavour to preserve any relevant evidence to hand over to the police.

If a decision is made to report the matter to the police, the headteacher or member of the senior leadership team will make the report.

The school will not interfere with any police action taken. However, the school may continue to follow its own investigation procedure and enforce sanctions, as long as it does not conflict with police action.

If a report to the police is made, the designated safeguarding lead (DSL) will make a tandem report to children's social care, if appropriate.

18) Zero-tolerance approach to sexual harassment and sexual violence

The school will ensure that all incidents of sexual harassment and/or violence are met with a suitable response, and never ignored.

Pupils are encouraged to report anything that makes them uncomfortable, no matter how 'small' they feel it might be.

The school's response will be:

- **>** Proportionate
- > Considered
- **>** Supportive
- **>** Decided on a case-by-case basis

The school has procedures in place to respond to any allegations or concerns regarding a child's safety or wellbeing. These include clear processes for:

- > Responding to a report
- **>** Carrying out risk assessments, where appropriate, to help determine whether to:
 - o Manage the incident internally
 - o Refer to early help
 - o Refer to children's social care
 - o Report to the police

Please refer to our child protection and safeguarding policy for more information

19) Malicious allegations

Where a pupil makes an allegation against a member of staff and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the school will consider whether to discipline the pupil in accordance with this policy.

Where a pupil makes an allegation of sexual violence or sexual harassment against another pupil and that allegation is shown to have been deliberately invented or malicious, the school will consider whether to discipline the pupil in accordance with this policy.

In all cases where an allegation is determined to be unsubstantiated, unfounded, false or malicious, the school (in collaboration with the local authority designated officer (LADO), where relevant) will consider whether the pupil who made the allegation is in need of help, or the allegation may have been a cry for help. If so, a referral to children's social care may be appropriate.

The school will also consider the pastoral needs of staff and pupils accused of misconduct.

Please refer to our child protection and safeguarding policy for more information on responding to allegations of abuse against staff or other pupils.

20) Serious sanctions

a) Detention

Members of staff have been authorised by the headteacher to give pupils detentions include the deputy heads and assistant heads.

Pupils can be issued with detentions during break, lunch or with 24 hours notice after school during term time. The school will decide whether it is necessary to inform the pupil's parents.

When imposing a detention, the school will consider whether doing so would:

- **>** Compromise the pupil's safety
- > Conflict with a medical appointment
- **>** Prevent the pupil from getting home safely
- > Interrupt the pupil's caring responsibilities

b) Removal from classrooms

In response to serious or persistent breaches of this policy, the school may remove the pupil from the classroom for a limited time

Pupils who have been removed will continue to receive education under the supervision of a member of staff that is meaningful, but it may differ from the mainstream curriculum.

Removal is a serious sanction and will only be used in response to serious misbehaviour. Staff will only remove pupils from the classroom once other behavioural strategies have been attempted, unless the behaviour is so extreme as to warrant immediate removal.

Removal can be used to:

- > Restore order if the pupil is being unreasonably disruptive
- > Maintain the safety of all pupils
- Allow the disruptive pupil to continue their learning in a managed environment
- **>** Allow the disruptive pupil to regain calm in a safe space

Pupils who have been removed from the classroom are supervised by phase leaders and will be removed for a maximum of 1 afternoon per week. IF more than this it will be classified as internal suspension.

Pupils will not be removed from classrooms for prolonged periods of time without the explicit agreement of the headteacher.

Pupils should be reintegrated into the classroom as soon as appropriate and safe to do so. The school will consider what support is needed to help a pupil successfully reintegrate into the classroom and meet the expected standards of behaviour.

Parents will be informed on the same day that their child is removed from the classroom.

The school will consider an alternative approach to behaviour management for pupils who are frequently removed from class, such as:

- > Meetings with learning coaches
- > Use of Learning support and Emotional learning support assistants
- > Short term behaviour report cards
- > Long term behaviour plans
- > Pupil support units
- > Multi-agency assessment

Staff will record all incidents of removal from the classroom along with details of the incident that led to the removal, and any protected characteristics of the pupil in the behaviour log.

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c) Suspension and permanent exclusions

The school can use suspension and permanent exclusion in response to serious incidents or in response to persistent poor behaviour, which has not improved following in-school sanctions and interventions.

The decision to suspend or exclude will be made by the headteacher and only as a last resort.

Please refer to our exclusions policy for more information

21. Responding to misbehaviour from pupils with SEND

a) Recognising the impact of SEND on behaviour

The school recognises that pupils' behaviour may be impacted by a special educational need or disability (SEND).

When incidents of misbehaviour arise, we will consider them in relation to a pupil's SEND, although we recognise that not every incident of misbehaviour will be connected to their SEND. Decisions on whether a pupil's SEND had an impact on an incident of misbehaviour will be made on a case-by-case basis.

When dealing with misbehaviour from pupils with SEND, especially where their SEND affects their behaviour, the school will balance their legal duties when making decisions about enforcing the behaviour policy. The legal duties include:

- ➤ Taking reasonable steps to avoid causing any substantial disadvantage to a disabled pupil caused by the school's policies or practices (Equality Act 2010)
- > Using our best endeavours to meet the needs of pupils with SEND (Children and Families Act 2014)
- > If a pupil has an education, health and care (EHC) plan, the provisions set out in that plan must be secured and the school must co-operate with the local authority and other bodies

As part of meeting these duties, the school will anticipate, as far as possible, all likely triggers of misbehaviour, and put in place support to prevent these from occurring.

Any preventative measures will take into account the specific circumstances and requirements of the pupil concerned.

- Our approach to anticipating and removing triggers of misbehaviour include but are not exclusive to:
- Short, planned movement breaks for a pupil with SEND who finds it difficult to sit still for long
- Adjusting seating plans to allow a pupil with visual or hearing impairment to sit in sight of the teacher
- Adjusting uniform requirements for a pupil with sensory issues or who has severe eczema
- Training for staff in understanding conditions or ways to support nerodiviersity such as autism and ADHD
- Use of separation spaces (sensory zones or nurture rooms) where pupils can regulate their emotions during a moment of sensory overload

b) Adapting sanctions for pupils with SEND

When considering a behavioural sanction for a pupil with SEND, the school will take into account:

- **>** Whether the pupil was unable to understand the rule or instruction?
- **>** Whether the pupil was unable to act differently at the time as a result of their SEND?
- **>** Whether the pupil is likely to behave aggressively due to their particular SEND?

If the answer to any of these questions is yes, it may be unlawful for the school to sanction the pupil for the behaviour.

The school will then assess if it is appropriate to use a sanction and if so, whether any reasonable adjustments need to be made to the sanction.

c) Considering whether a pupil displaying challenging behaviour may have unidentified SEND

The school's special educational needs co-ordinator (SENCO) may evaluate a pupil who exhibits challenging behaviour to determine whether they have any underlying needs that are not currently being met.

Where necessary, support and advice will also be sought from specialist teachers, an educational psychologist, medical practitioners and/or others, to identify or support specific needs.

When acute needs are identified in a pupil, we will liaise with external agencies and plan support programmes for that child. We will work with parents to create the plan and review it on a regular basis.

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d) Pupils with an education, health and care (EHC) plan

The provisions set out in the EHC plan must be secured and the school will co-operate with the local authority and other bodies.

If the school has a concern about the behaviour of a pupil with an EHC plan, it will make contact with the local authority to discuss the issue. If appropriate, the school may request an emergency review of the EHC plan.

22) Supporting pupils following a sanction

Following a sanction, the school will consider strategies to help pupils to understand how to improve their behaviour and meet the expectations of the school.

This includes measures like:

- Reintegration meetings
- Daily contact with the class teacher lead
- A report card with personalised behaviour goals
- Team around family meetings

23) Behaviour Management - Recording and reporting

Be calm – children must be dealt with respect at all times and staff must remain calm, and be specific regarding the behaviour which has caused concern.

Logical consequences – A logical consequence is a sanction that should "fit" the offence. It generally has two steps. The first step is to stop the misbehaviour. The second step is to provide an action that recalls children to the rules, reinstates the limits, and teaches alternative behaviours

Fresh Start – although persistent or serious misbehaviour needs recording, every child must feel that a fresh start is possible. Forgiveness is a core value in our school.

To establish that a child understands unacceptable behaviour, it is important that in discussion we try to:

- Check that the child understands why they are in trouble
- Establish that they know why the behaviour was unacceptable
- Explore the effect that the behaviour has on others
- Examine strategies for avoiding the same situation in the future
- Ensure the child accepts the sanction and moves on.

Teachers can send contact to parents via Squid using appendix 1, 2, 3, 4. These provide an overview of template letters and standard words to contact the parents in the event of incidents at school.

The following steps may be taken when dealing with incidents:

- If bullying is suspected or reported, the incident will be dealt with immediately by the member of staff who has been approached
- Teachers will be kept informed
- Parents will be kept informed of repeated incidences of bullying and they will be expected to play a key role in supporting their child
- Punitive measures will be used as appropriate and in consultation with all parties concerned
- All racist incidences will be reported in line with BBC policy and parents informed.

For any of the more serious behaviours listed below, an incident form should be completed and given to the Head Teacher who, in consultation with the class teacher, will decide on the appropriate sanction and will inform the parents /carers. A clear account of the incident will be recorded in writing and given to the head teacher. The head teacher or member of the senior team will interview all concerned and will record the incident in writing.

The forms will be filed in an Incident File in the Head Teacher's office/Child's Cumulative File either paper or electronically

Behaviour Policy

24) Involvement of other agencies

Agencies who may be contacted include: police, Social Services, Educational Psychology, and Behaviour Support Teams. This is not an exhaustive list. Information shared should follow the schools data protection policy.

25) Training

Our staff are provided with training on managing behaviour, including proper use of restraint, as part of their induction process. Behaviour management will also form part of continuing professional development.

26) Links to other policies

Anti-bullying, SEND, Whistleblowing, Code of conduct, Wellbeing Use of Reasonable Force

	Contact to	parents sent via Squid	
Name of child	Class	Class teacher	Date and time of Incident
A. Category (Tick)			
,			
Assault adult	B. Location (Tick)	E. SLT use only - Action agreed follow	ing Parent
Assault pupil	Classroom	Meeting Actions agreed with parent written on meeting	stine netro Come
Bullying	Dining Hall	Actions agreed with parent written on med	eting notes form
Damage to property	Outside School Grounds (Trips)	Internal Support – FSW	
Defiance	Playground	I . 1C . FICA	
Disruptive behaviour	Sports Hall	Internal Support ELSA	
Fighting	To/From School	Internal Support – other (name)	
Inappropriate behaviour	Toilets	E1 .: 1 D 1 1 : .	
Inappropriate language	Other describe	Educational Psychologist	
Inadequate work	Other describe	ABC Tick & Dot Sheet	
Insolence		ABC – comments sheet	
Lying	C. Activity (Tick)	Internal suspension - Date	
Misuse of school property	Afterschool & Breakfast Clubs	internal suspension - Date	
Physical behaviour	In class - lessons	Lunchtime suspension - Date	
Racist Incident	Playtime/Lunchtime	Fixed Period suspension - Date	
Swearing/Bad Language	School Trips	Fixed Period suspension - Date	
Theft	Other- describe	Permanent Exclusion	
Verbal abuse - adult			
Verbal abuse - pupil	F. Exact message to be sent by	text (Please be mindful of the wording)	
D. Further action required (Tick)			
Parent to meet teacher			
Parent to meet phase leader	G. Further comments regardi	ng this incident if required	
Parents to meet FSW	Teacher's Name sending (bl	ock letters)	
Parents to meet SENDCO			
Parent to meet DHT	Text sent initials, date & time	e	

GUIDANCE

Teacher to complete the form sections: A,B,C,D,F and G. Admin to send text to parents - input initial, date, time on the form. If further action is required indicate the relevant action by parent on the text message i.e. contact office make appointment to Class Teacher, Phase Leader, SENDCO, AHT,DHT, HT. Admin to keep document on file - give to member of Leadership for the meeting with the parent. After Class teacher or Member of leadership meeting with parent completes section E and returns to Admin updates SIMS with the actions and files the document

Appendix 2 First behaviour letter	
Dear INSERT NAMES, Recently, your child.	, has not been behaving as well in school as they could.
	ds the need to follow our pupil code of conduct, and I would appreciate
If your child's behaviour does not improcan work together. However, at this stag	ove, I will contact you again and suggest that we meet to discuss how we ge I am confident that a reminder of how to behave appropriately will be
sufficient.	
Yours sincerely,	
Class teacher name:Class teacher signature:	
Date:	
Behaviour letter – return slip	
	rm you have received this letter. Thank you.
Parent name:	
Parent signature:Date:	
Second behaviour letter	
Dear INSERT NAMES,	777 1' 1 1 1 ' C
C , 1	XX regarding the behaviour of, I am sorry
to say that they are still struggling to adh	ere to our pupil code of conduct.
1. We are quiet when the teacher is	talking
2. We follow directions right away	
3. We let others get on with their w	/ork
4. We respect each other	
via the school office as soon as is mutually conve	et me so we can discuss a way forward. Please make an appointment to meet with me enient to avoid the possibility of an internal exclusion from Jennett's Park
Yours sincerely,	
Class teacher name:	
Class teacher signature:	Date:
Third behaviour letter	
Dear INSERT NAMES,	
I am sorry to report that, despite meeting	g and creating a behaviour contract,, has
continued to misbehave.	would now benefit from a structured approach to help
improve their behaviour in school.	
	meeting with the Phase leader /Deputy Head/the special educational
	ase leader level of support) and myself, to discuss how we can best
support your child in improving their be	
	the school office as soon as is mutually convenient to avoid the possibility of an internal
exclusion from Jennett's Park	
Yours sincerely,	
Class teacher name:	
Class teacher signature:	Date:

Appendix 3 Child Friendly flow chart

You should strive to 'be the good kid' and to become a pot of gold at the end of our rainbow.

You should persevere to become the best version of yourself.

Rights of the Pupil

- -Right to feel respected and listened to.
- -Right to request and explain why you want to change tables or spaces as part of a discussion.
- -Success and positive behaviour will be recognised.

Extreme Behaviour

Some behaviour is very serious so the Head teacher or Deputy will get involved immediately and will contact the pupil's parents. These behaviours include; bullying, hurting another child or adult very badly, prejudicial abuse to children or staff or carrying a weapon or drugs into the school grounds. Pupils know the Jennett's Park behavioural expectations, so will have one chance to be honest, apologise and consider ways that they can improve or 'make right' the situation.

Behaviour Steps

- 1. One chance to stop the behaviour-reminded to calm down and what will happen next if do not stop behaviour.
- 2. Move places for a few minutes, come back when ready (in class).

Talk to an adult, explain, apologise and start afresh. If not –

3. If behaviour hasn't improved or not showing that you are truly sorry for your behaviour, send to other class in year group. Following calm down time,

Talk to an adult, whether in own or parallel class, explain, apologise and start afresh. If not –

- 4. Pupil to be offered a calming space and given paper if feel they cannot talk to an adult. (Pupil will take home letter if behavioural escalation has been used to this level.)
- 5. If the pupil is not responding appropriately, send to Phase Leader. For a chance to talk to an adult, explain, apologies and start afresh after an appropriate time to calm and return to class. However, if sent to Phase Lead 3 times already that half term, fast-tracked to Deputy.
- 6. A chance to talk, explain and apologise. If sent to Deputy, then missing break and some of lunchtime, before returning to classroom, afresh. If pupil is not willing to engage, to explain and apologise then a parent will be telephoned to encourage child to seek forgiveness and to explain the situation. Then Deputy to decide when appropriate to send back to class. However, if behaviour is extreme or forgiveness not sought-
- 7. Send to Head teacher. Parents invited to talk that day about the situation and the steps the child has ignored. Head teacher to decide if the child should go home or appropriate action to be taken.

Appendix 4 Red triangles in class

Dealing with situations

Most situations should be diverted by teacher awareness of their class's needs and habits. Good routines and differentiated activities will in most cases support to reduce low level incidents. A teacher should always try to 'nip it in the bud' i.e. not let a situation happen in the first place. However, following up on incidents is important, even if the consequence is delayed. A normal route for dealing with behaviour is:

- Teacher sets up routines
- Teacher arranges their space to 'nip it in the bud'
- Non-verbal warning (look/gesture) to indicate change needed
- Verbal warning (XXX I need you to XXX Thankyou)
- Reminder of Rules
- Diversion/Choice or Consequence offered
- Child directed to move to sit out for amount of time (this made up at their next break)
- Sent to Partner Class (message sent by sQuid)
- · Spoken to by Class teacher at next break
- Phase Leader speaks to child
- Deputy/SENDCo speaks to child (if same as Phase leader change so different adult)
- Headteacher contacted

At each stage there is an opportunity for children to allow themselves dignity of calming down and choosing a better choice to fulfil the ability to follow Rainbow Promise. If a situation escalates red triangle sent

Every classroom has a red triangle that has the class name on and it is stuck by the doorway.

This is to be used in an emergency situation where another adult is needed (such as a serious accident or injury, a lone adult requiring support to deal with a situation, a dangerous situation is occurring or imminent)



The triangle is given to 2 sensible children who rush to find the nearest adult. A sense of urgency is vital.

It is important that you go through this safeguarding procedure with the children, as you would with a fire drill or lockdown so that everyone is aware of its purpose.

You could decide on 2 sensible 'red triangle' children.

But please tell all children (in case the 'red triangle' children are not available) that they walk quickly to the nearest adult and that they do not need to wait politely as they usually would, as this is an emergency situation.

If you receive a red triangle, please stop what you are doing and go straight to that classroom to assist.

Behaviour Policy

Appendix 5 TOP 10 TIPS

1	Be emotionally neutral	It is the behaviour and not the child that we talk about. Remain neutral and respectful, if needed deploy another adult and walk away for a breather.
2.	Instil a GROWTH mind set	Help children to realise that intelligence is not fixed and that as we practice and exercise our brain, we raise our intelligence, just as we get bigger muscles going to the gym.
3.	Talk to children about how FAIL is your FIRST ATTEMPT IN LEARNING	Mistakes are how we learn, Model this and learn together.
4.	Always keep children's learning in the stretch zone	They will want the easy way out- the comfort zone –but that does not move their learning on. Guide them to the stretch zone at all times and praise the effort. Avoid the panic zone where possible.
5.	Say no	I am saying no because I care about you. I am saying no because I want the best for you. I am saying no because it is not safe.
6.	Direct their attention to learning	Always bring it back to the learning –you are missing out on the learning in 5 minutes we will go back to the learning. Are you ready to learn?
7.	Praise the effort not the attainment	Praise in detail, praise the progress, praise the process, and try not to praise the intelligence.
8.	Dominance	Clarity of purpose. Strong guidance both academic and behaviour. High expectations. Body language and space used in a positive way so that the child can relax as you are in charge. Give 2 choices and firm, timed boundaries of what will happen with expectations of the behaviour you expect.
9.	Co -operation	Concerned for them. Taking an interest in the students as people as well as learners. Does that child know that you like him/her?
10.	Tenacity	Let that child realise that you will never, ever give up on them. Be consistent, calm —be that 'teacher' or 'adult' they will never forget.

Appendix 6 Routines to establish and check regularly

student punctuality	the way work is distributed
the way students enter my classroom	the way work is collected in
the way that students settle down	the way students work individually
where students sit (seating plan)	the way students work in pairs
the noise level in my classroom	the way students work in groups
the way students follow my instructions	the level of student effort / on-task behaviour
the way students ask for help / my attention	the way students treat / speak to me
the way students move from one task to another	the way students treat / speak to each other
the way students move around the classroom	the amount / quality of homework completed
the way students move to a specialist area (e.g. library)	the degree to which students keep to deadlines
the way students respond to visitors	the way students leave my classroom

Jennett's Park CE Primary School (VA) Behaviour Policy
Appendix 7 Behaviour Change Card Date
Dear
Name
8) Other Our code of conduct is
1. I am quiet when another person is talking
2. I follow directions right away
3. I let others get on with their work
4. I respect others
Your child will be monitored on the timetable overleaf. The numbers refer to the above list of reasons. S means satisfactory.
If you wish to discuss the reasons why your child has received this card please make an appointment with your child's class teacher via the school office. You are invited to make a comment in the box below
Please sign and comment
Action

- No improvement
- Some improvement
- Good week

Signed (member of staff)

Agreed targets

1)

2)

Date Date Date Date Date Date Date Date	Friday	Thursday	Wednesda	Tuesday	Monday
Break Break Break Lunch Lunch Lunch Lunch Lunch		Date	Date	Date	Date
Break Break Break Lunch Lunch Lunch Lunch					
Break Break Break					
Lunch Lunch	Ä	Break	Break	Break	Break
Lunch Lunch					
	ch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch	Lunch